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" (b) The annual yield for the three years is as follows :—

	In pounds.
1951–52	$47\frac{1}{2}$
1952–53	2,810
1953–54 (up to end of September 1953) ..	1,881

" The annual normal requirements of dry pyrethrum flowers is about 60,000 lb. which is estimated to yield the annual requirements calculated at 300 gallons of one per cent pyrethrum extract for control of Malaria and Filariacis.

" (c) D.D.T. residual in door spraying of all houses in malarial areas, to destroy adult mosquitoes and thereby cut malaria transmission and free distribution of quinine and synthetic anti-malarials for destroying the malaria parasites in infected persons are the main lines of malaria control adopted. In project areas, anti-larval measures are also adopted as a supplement."

Sri P. RANGASAMY REDDIAR :—" In what places this pyrethrum cultivation is now carried on by the State? Is there any scope to extend this cultivation?"

The Hon. Sri M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" Pyrethrum cultivation is done in the Nilgiris. Even for the coming year, there is a proposal to bring 50 acres under pyrethrum cultivation."

Sri S. DEIVASIGAMANY :—" May I request the Hon. Minister to investigate into the matter of growing pyrethrum in the Cinchona fields which are not yielding money?"

The Hon. Sri M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" I shall also examine that suggestion, Sir."

Sri V. BALAKRISHNAN :—" Will the Government assign the uncultivated lands to the Harijans near about that pace?"

The Hon. Sri M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" If it is a part of the forest area, we have to see whether there is any programme of regeneration in that area."

Sri T. C. NARAYANAN NAMBIAR :—" Will the Hon. Minister kindly explain what this pyrethrum cultivation is?"

The Hon. Sri M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" I suppose the hon. Members know about D.D.T. It is extracted out of pyrethrum flowers."

Expenditure on Police department in Salem district and on Prohibition in Chingleput district.

* 479 Q.—Sri M. DHARMALINGAM : Will the Hon. the Minister for Prohibition be pleased to state the expediture on the Police department in Salem district in the year 1945–46 and in 1952–53 and the expenditure on the Prohibition department in Chingleput district in 1945–46 and 1952–53 for enforcing the Prohibition Act?

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THE HON. SRIMATHI JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM :—" As regards expenditure in Police department in Salem district in the year 1945–46 figures regarding the expenditure on Prohibition are not available as the records have been destroyed, due to efflux of time. Separate figures for the year 1952–53 are not available consequent on the merger of the Prohibition staff with the regular Police.

" The expenditure on the enforcement of Prohibition in Chingleput district during 1952–53 was Rs. 4,68,112–14–2. The expenditure in connection with the administration of Excise revenue during 1945–46 was Rs. 86,822–6–1. (Prohibition was introduced in Chingleput district only with effect from 2nd October 1948) ".

SRI K. VINAYAKAM :—" Is it the policy of this Government to destroy records even before the lapse of ten years. Do the Police department destroy the records relating to the acts of criminals even within the short period of ten years? "

MR. SPEAKER :—" The hon. Member may give notice of a separate question. Questions over."

[*Note.*—An asterisk (*) at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.]

II.—ADJOURNMENT MOTION *RE* POLICE FIRING NEAR NADUVATTAM MOSQUE IN KOZHIKODE TALUK. 3-30 p.m.

MR. SPEAKER :—" The hon. Member Sri T. C. Narayanan Nambiar has given notice of an adjournment motion. The hon. Member Sri K. P. Gopalan also told me that he had a talk with the Hon. the Minister for Finance regarding this matter and that the Finance Minister wanted to make a statement. The adjournment motion reads as follows :—

'This House stands adjourned to discuss an urgent matter of public importance, viz., the failure on the part of the Government to take suitable measures to avoid communal tension resulting in opening fire against a mob by the Armed Police near Naduvattam Mosque in Kozhikode taluk leading to loss of life to two persons and injuries to many on 28th of March, 1954.'

I wish to know what the Government have to say on this matter."

* THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" Sir, the following report has been received from the District Magistrate of Malabar by telephonic message :—

' It seems that for some time past (about a month) there has been a convention or agreement between the Muslims and the Hindus that processions would be allowed to pass along the road in front of the Naduvattam Mosque (five miles from Kozhikode) during non-prayer hours. This agreement or convention was disliked by certain Muslims and there has been some propaganda against it. Information was received that Muslims from outside were being brought into Kozhikode in order to obstruct the particular Hindu procession that was to pass along on the 28th of March 1954. In view of the information received that an armed mob was collecting roundabout the mosque, an M.S.P. company was sent to the place yesterday. As anticipated, a big crowd of Muslims armed with knives, etc., took up their position, both within and outside the mosque, with the express intention of